

Eleven Steps for Developing EDRR Capacity in States and Provinces.

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- 1. Establish a State EDRR Committee.**
- 2. Develop a State EDRR Work Plan.**
- 3. Select State EDRR Target Species – Post Fact Sheets on State Council Website.**
- 4. Develop and Train a State Early Detection and Reporting Network**
 - Agency Field Personnel, Volunteers (State Native Plant Society, Friends of Parks, Professional Associations, Civics Club Members, Master Gardeners, Fishermen, etc.)
 - Regional and Local Volunteer Training Workshops
- 5. Survey and Monitor Valuable Natural and Managed Resources**
 - Weekend Bio-Blitzes for EDRR Target Species at Parks, Forests, Refuges, etc.
 - Survey of Specific High Risk Sites (e.g., Parks, Forests, etc.)
- 6. Report Suspected EDRR Target Species to Designated Herbaria/Scientists.**
- 7. Contribute Field Records to U-GA EDDmapS**
 - Archival of Field Data Records Submitted by the EDNR
 - ‘Real-time’ Distribution Information on EDRR Target Species
- 8. Conduct Rapid Assessments of Newly Reported Species**
- 9. Develop Rapid Response/Eradication Initiatives for New Invaders**
 - Single-Agency Led Projects (Generally Regulated Species)
 - Cooperative Invasive Species Management Areas (Geographic Focus)
 - Interagency Task Forces (Species Focus)
- 10. Train the Next Generation**
 - Online Invasive Species Management Training Program (SCC – R. Westbrooks)
- 11. Utilize Common EDRR Resources.**
 - National EDRR System Fact Sheets – Introduction and Overview – Traditional Approaches – Evolving Framework – Student Weed Stopper Program
 - National EDRR System - Rapid Assessment Guidelines
 - National EDRR System – Field Data Collection Form